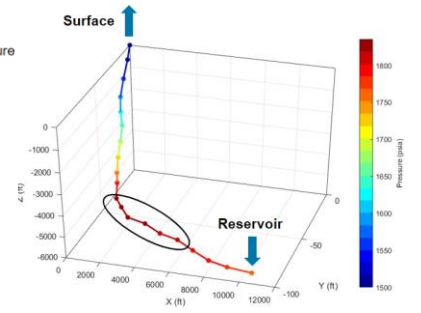
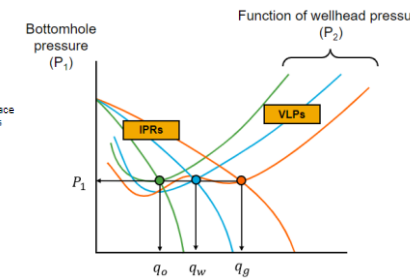
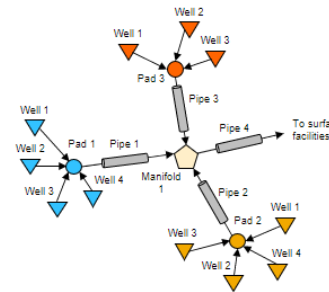


Oil & Gas Production Optimization in MATLAB

Leverage MATLAB's powerful solvers for tackling nonlinear optimization problems

Oscar Molina, PhD
 Sr. Applications Engineer
 MathWorks
 March 2024



Artificial Intelligence



Big Data Analysis



Deep Learning



Machine Learning



Reinforced Learning



Predictive Analytics



Internet of Things



Process Optimization



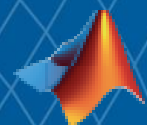
Process Digitization



Process Automation



Value Chain Integration

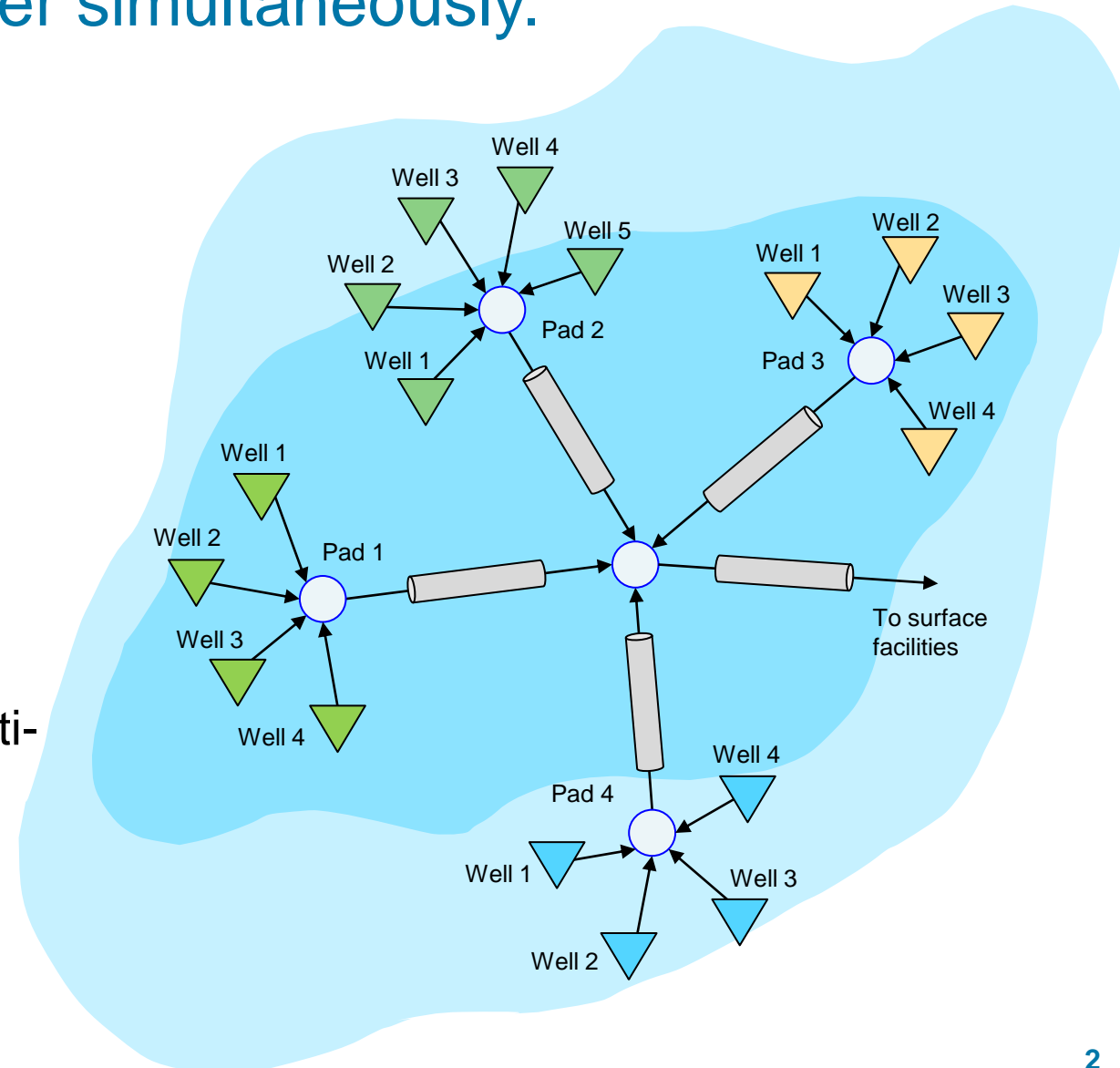


MathWorks®

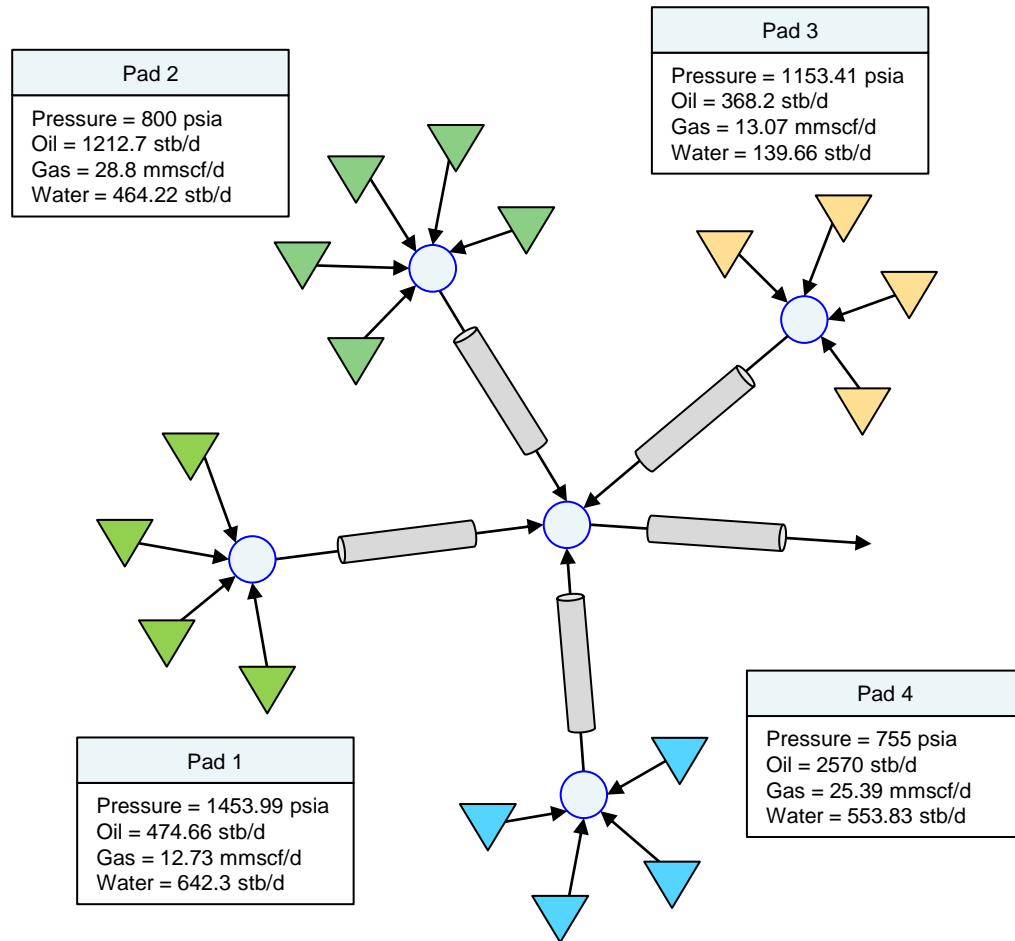
Accelerating the pace of engineering and science

For this analysis we will consider a four-pad multi-well production system producing oil, gas, and water simultaneously.

- Inflow Performance Relationship (IPR) and Vertical Lift Performance (VLP) data for each well are supplied via external simulation files.
- Downhole-to-surface conversion is performed over n-dimensional interpolating functions using an accelerated nonlinear solver.
- The goal of this use case is to establish a multi-purpose, robust, and maintainable production optimization workflow in MATLAB.



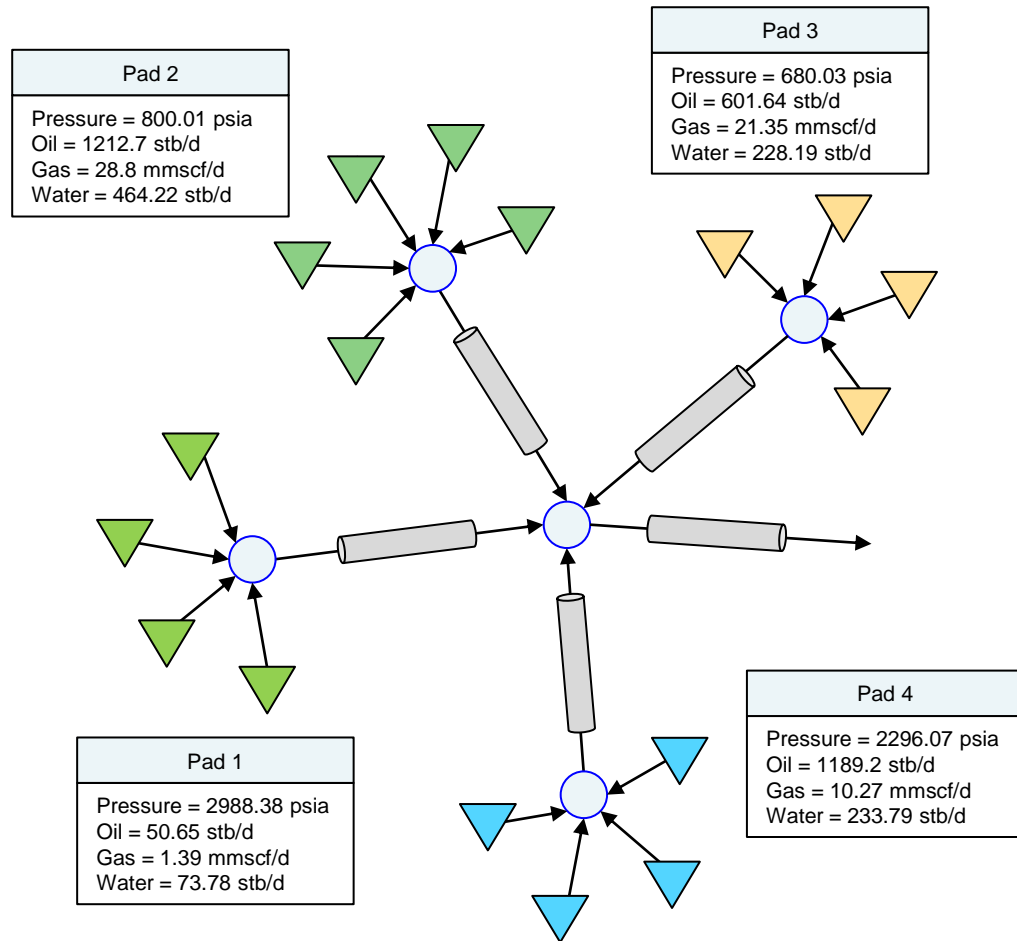
Case 1. Maximize oil production while keeping gas production between 40 and 80 MMSCFD and water production at or below 1800 STB/day.



Optimization Model Summary				
Pres	Pad 01	1453.99	psia	
	Pad 02	800.00	psia	
	Pad 03	1153.41	psia	
	Pad 04	755.00	psia	
	Oil rate	4625.61	BOPD	
	Gas rate	80.00	MMSCFD	
	Water rate	1800.00	BWPD	

Per-pad / Per-well / Per-phase Optimization Results					
Pad (ID)	Well (ID)	Oil Rate (BOPD)	Gas Rate (MMSCFD)	Water Rate (BWPD)	
1	1	49.48	0.93	13.78	
1	2	100.16	2.74	150.73	
1	3	173.04	4.82	234.25	
1	4	151.98	4.24	243.54	
2	1	158.71	4.45	53.85	
2	2	258.41	7.25	103.04	
2	3	181.22	5.98	98.69	
2	4	322.54	5.66	114.54	
2	5	291.84	5.46	94.10	
3	1	137.35	3.08	45.24	
3	2	69.89	3.00	23.34	
3	3	85.51	3.18	38.03	
3	4	75.45	3.81	33.05	
4	1	450.61	4.83	116.74	
4	2	417.22	5.82	135.87	
4	3	467.54	5.02	74.66	
4	4	1234.65	9.72	226.56	

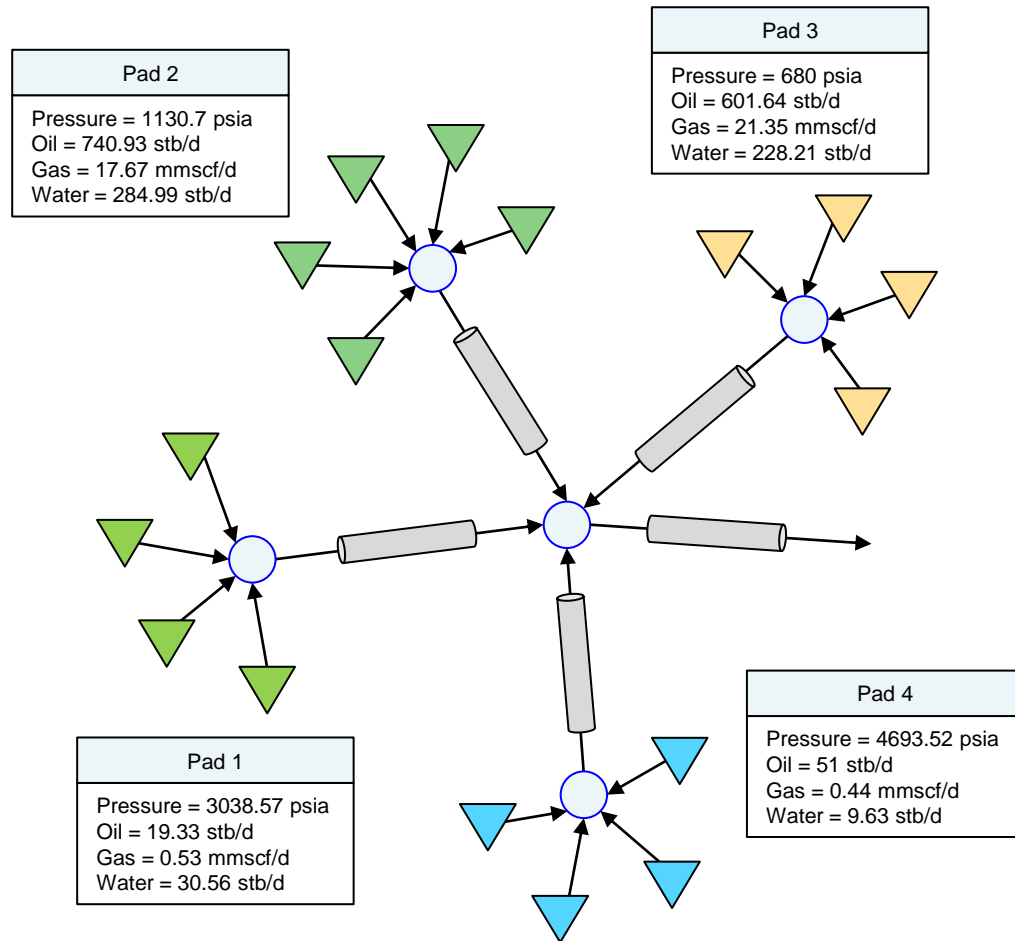
Case 2. Maximize gas production while keeping water production at or below 1000 STB/day.



Optimization Model Summary				
Pres	Pad 01	2988.38	psia	
	Pad 02	800.01	psia	
	Pad 03	680.03	psia	
	Pad 04	2296.07	psia	
	Oil rate	3054.18	BOPD	
	Gas rate	61.81	MMSCFD	
	Water rate	1000.00	BWPD	

Per-pad / Per-well / Per-phase Optimization Results					
Pad (ID)	Well (ID)	Oil Rate (BOPD)	Gas Rate (MMSCFD)	Water Rate (BWPD)	
1	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	<- Well shut-in
1	2	0.00	0.00	0.00	<- Well shut-in
1	3	26.03	0.71	34.79	
1	4	24.62	0.68	38.99	
2	1	158.71	4.45	53.85	
2	2	258.41	7.25	103.04	
2	3	181.21	5.98	98.69	
2	4	322.54	5.66	114.54	
2	5	291.84	5.46	94.10	
3	1	226.22	5.08	74.42	
3	2	110.10	4.75	36.73	
3	3	147.72	5.53	65.58	
3	4	117.60	5.99	51.46	
4	1	74.82	0.79	19.24	
4	2	77.24	1.08	25.01	
4	3	97.77	1.04	15.55	
4	4	939.36	7.36	173.99	

Case 3. Minimize water production while keeping gas production between 40 and 80 MMSCFD.



Optimization Model Summary			
Pres	Pad 01	3038.57	psia
	Pad 02	1130.70	psia
	Pad 03	680.00	psia
	Pad 04	4693.52	psia
Oil rate	1412.91	BOPD	
Gas rate	40.00	MMSCFD	
Water rate	553.38	BWPD	

Per-pad / Per-well / Per-phase Optimization Results					
Pad (ID)	Well (ID)	Oil Rate (BOPD)	Gas Rate (MMSCFD)	Water Rate (BWPD)	
1	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	<- Well shut-in
1	2	0.00	0.00	0.00	<- Well shut-in
1	3	0.00	0.00	0.00	<- Well shut-in
1	4	19.33	0.53	30.56	
2	1	105.92	2.97	35.98	
2	2	153.89	4.28	61.47	
2	3	116.16	3.83	63.29	
2	4	194.61	3.41	69.24	
2	5	170.35	3.18	55.01	
3	1	226.22	5.08	74.43	
3	2	110.10	4.75	36.74	
3	3	147.72	5.53	65.58	
3	4	117.60	5.99	51.46	
4	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	<- Well shut-in
4	2	0.00	0.00	0.00	<- Well shut-in
4	3	0.00	0.00	0.00	<- Well shut-in
4	4	51.00	0.44	9.63	

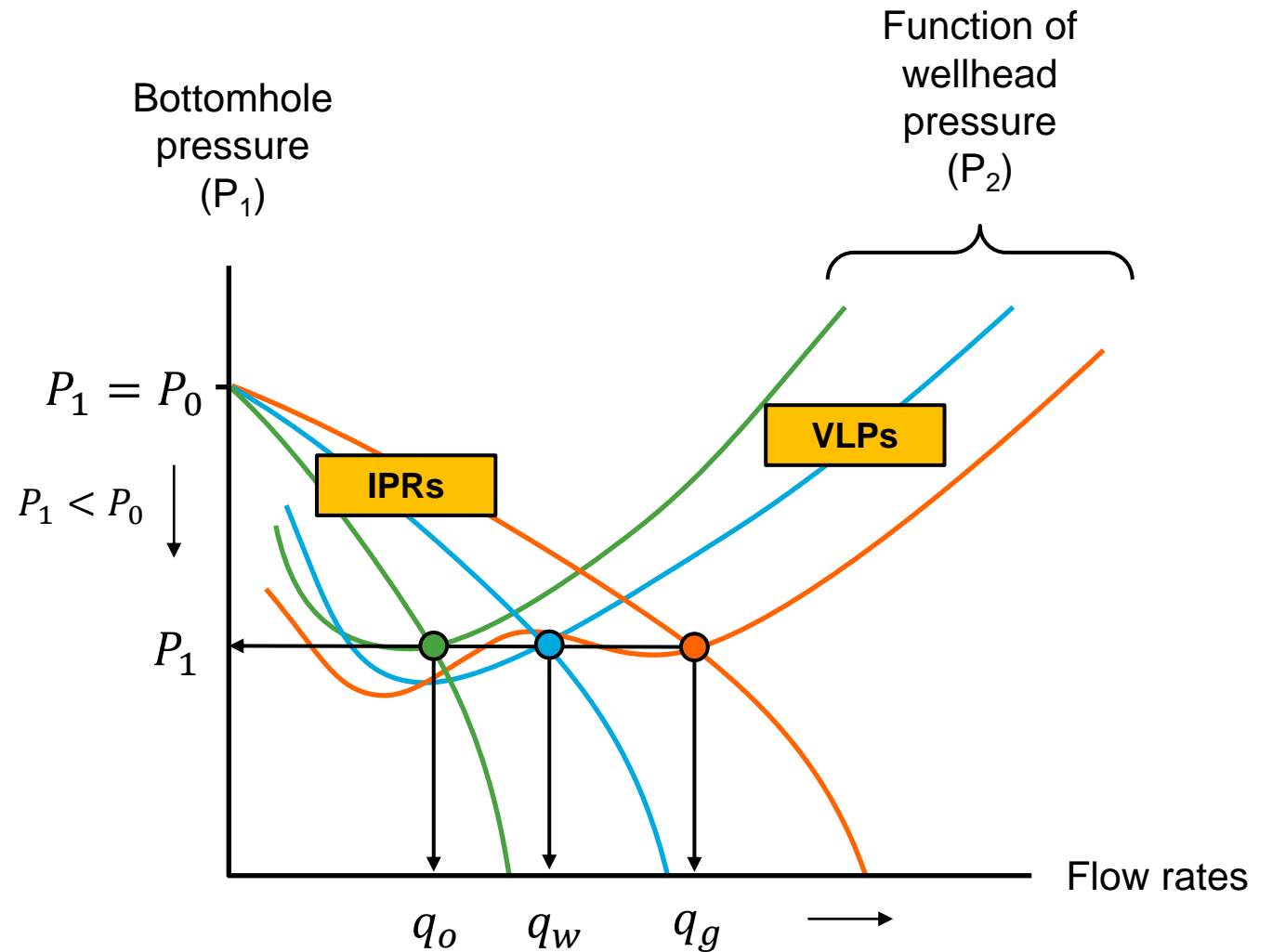
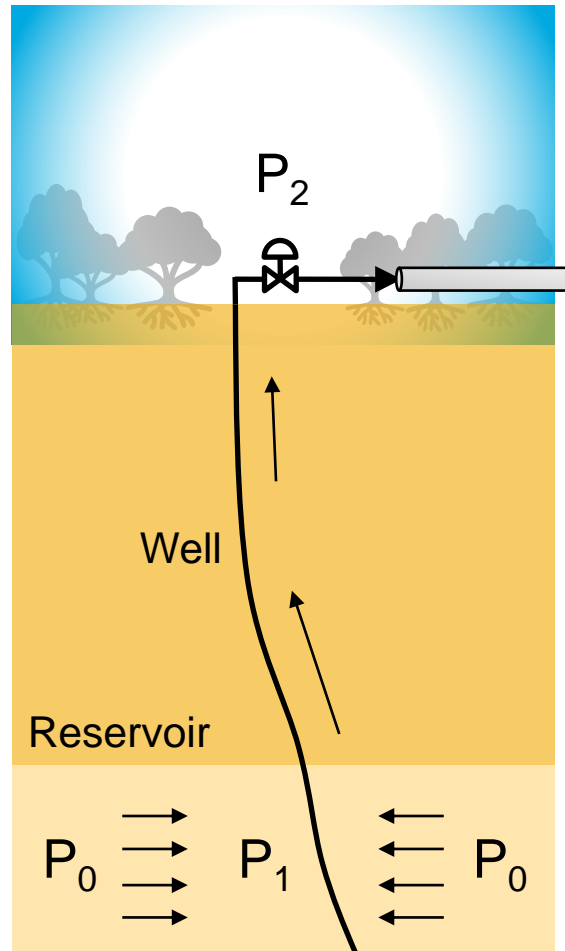
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- Deploying optimization models
- Key takeaways

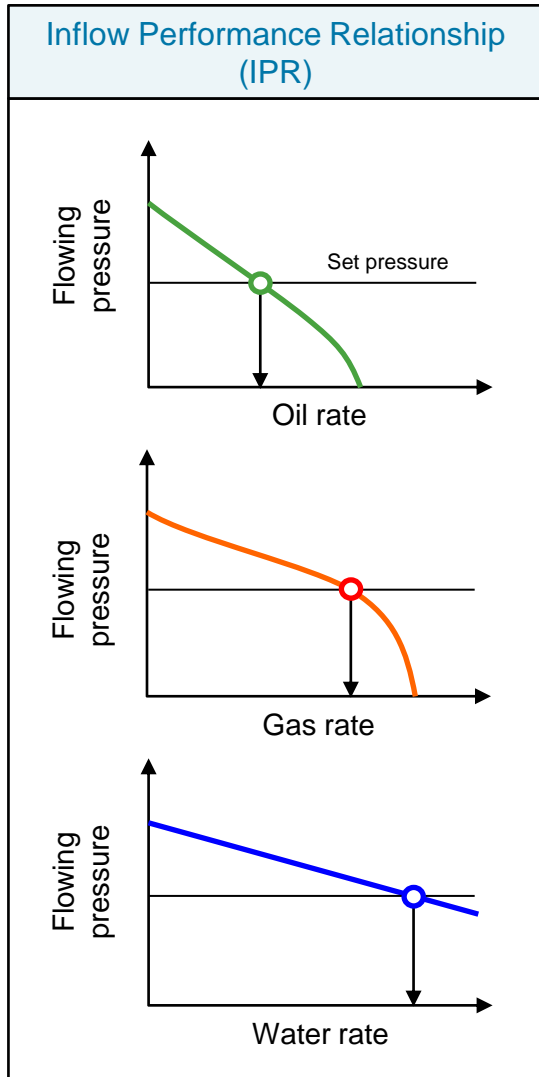
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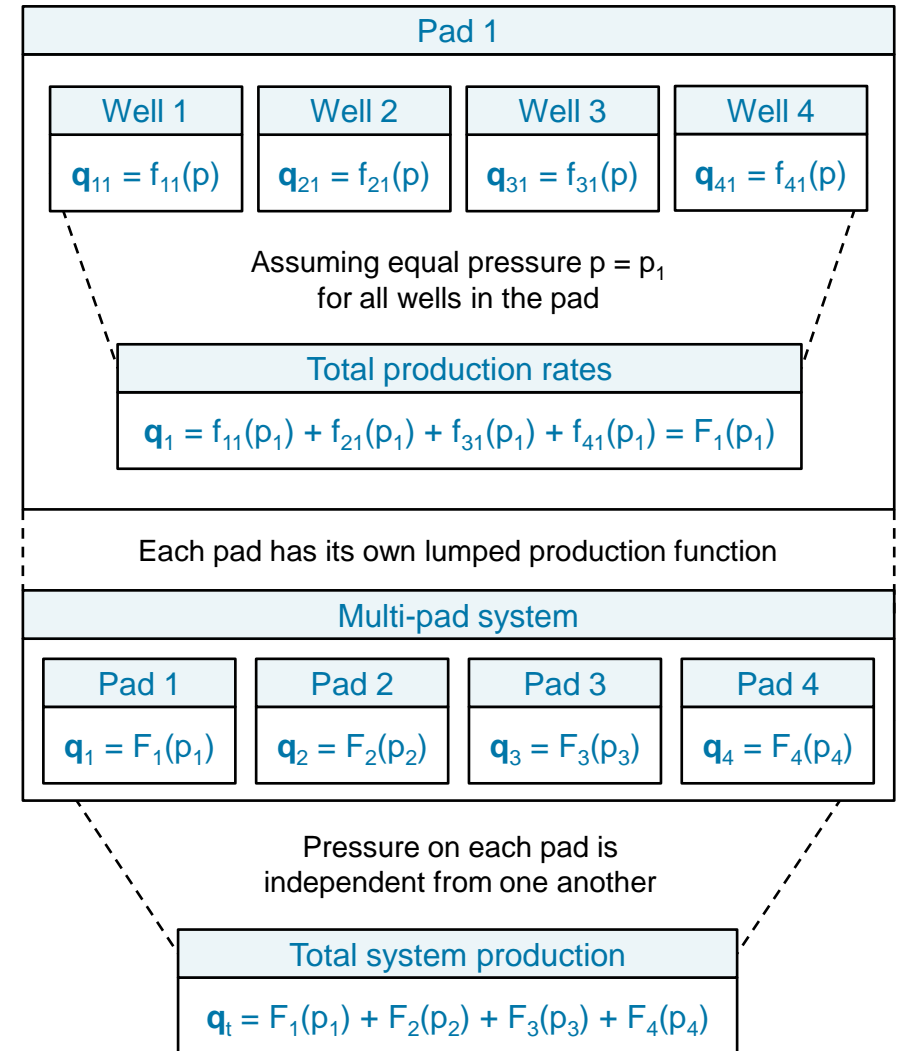
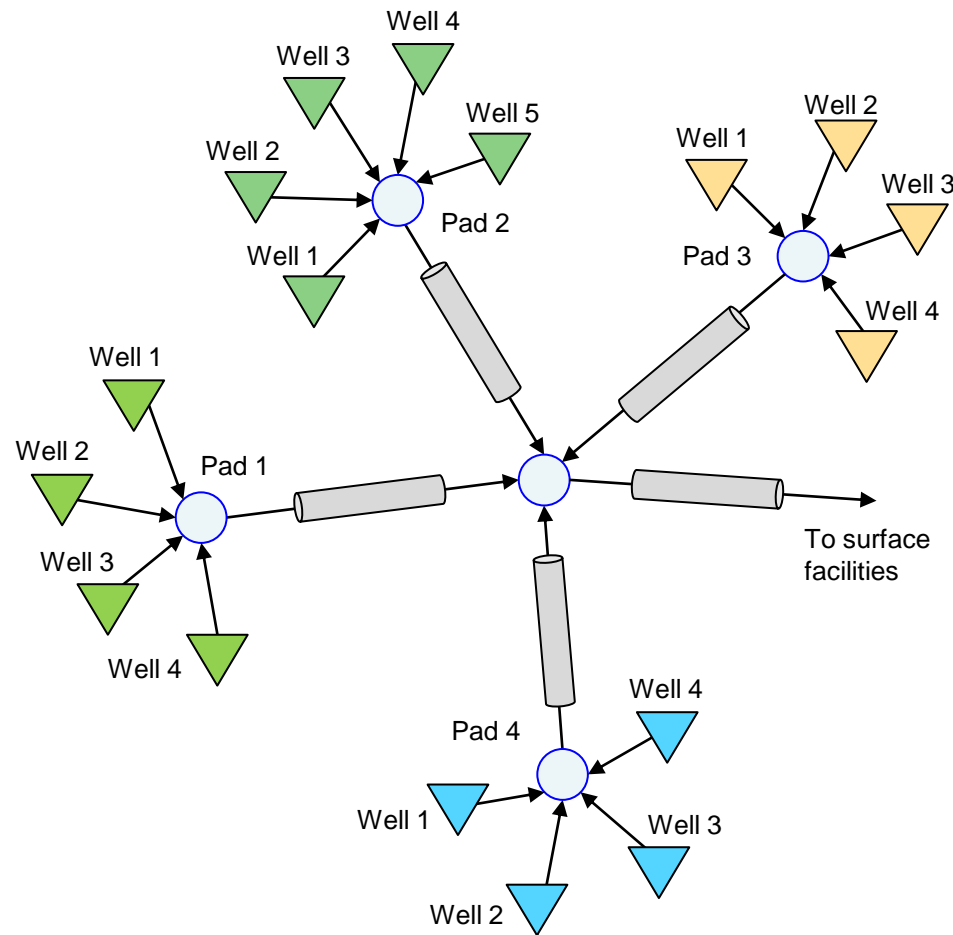
The surface-to-downhole conversion part of the model is critical to solve the production optimization problem.



This case study considers production optimization of several multi-well pads interconnected via pipes and manifolds.



$\mathbf{q} = \langle \text{oil rate, gas rate, water rate} \rangle$



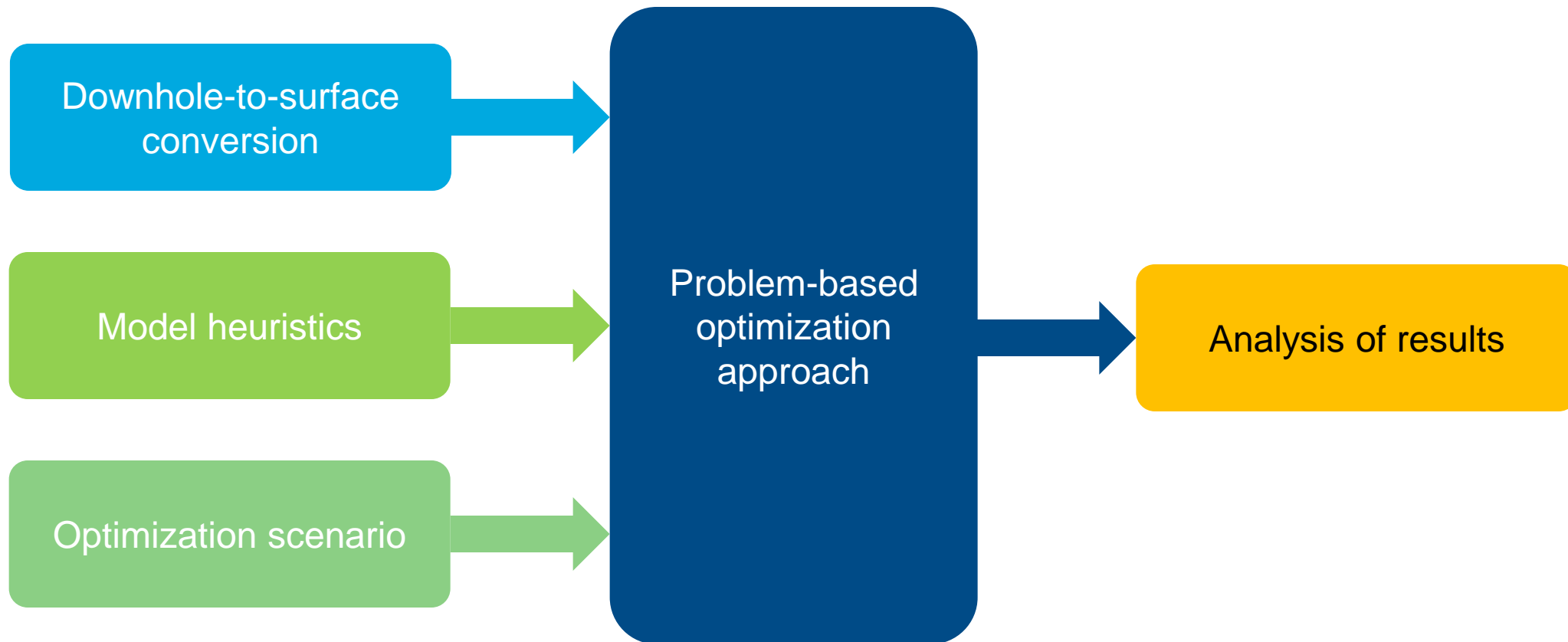
This case study considers production optimization of several multi-well pads interconnected via pipes and manifolds.

General all-pads problem

$$\mathbf{q}_t = F(\mathbf{p}) = \sum F_i(p_i)$$

- Straightforward problem formulation
 - Supply pressure vector (input), get total rate vector (output)
 - Meant to answer direct questions like “how much will we produce if $\mathbf{p} = \langle p_1, p_2, p_3, \dots, p_k \rangle$?”
- Inverse-problem formulation is quite difficult
 - Tightly coupled problem; N -degrees of freedom
 - Extremely challenging to answer “is there any \mathbf{p} for which \mathbf{q} equals...?”
- ★ Optimization problem setup
 - Seeks to solve questions like “what pressures do we need in order to maximize oil production while keeping water production between x and y ?”

We can solve the all-pads optimization problem following a problem-based approach in MATLAB.



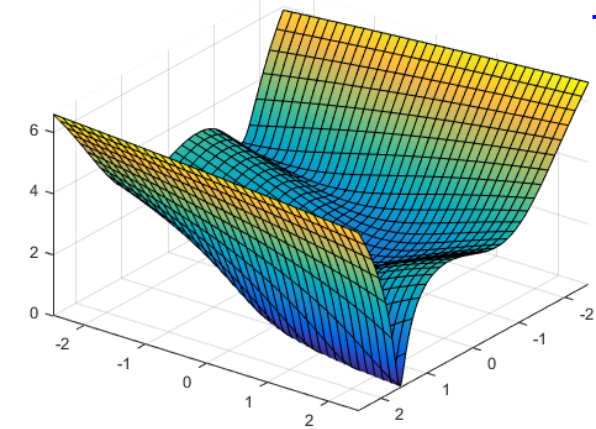
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MathWorks Optimization Products

- **Optimization Toolbox**

- Functions for finding parameters that **minimize or maximize objectives** while **satisfying constraints**

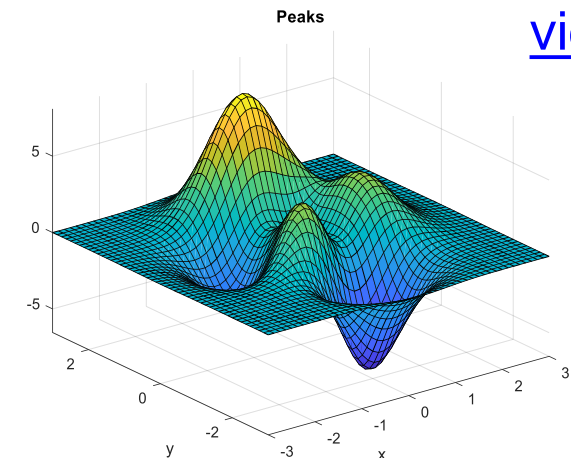


[video](#)

Objective with single minimum

- **Global Optimization Toolbox**

- Functions that **search for global solutions** to problems that contain **multiple maxima or minima** on **smooth or nonsmooth** problems (*requires Optimization Toolbox*)

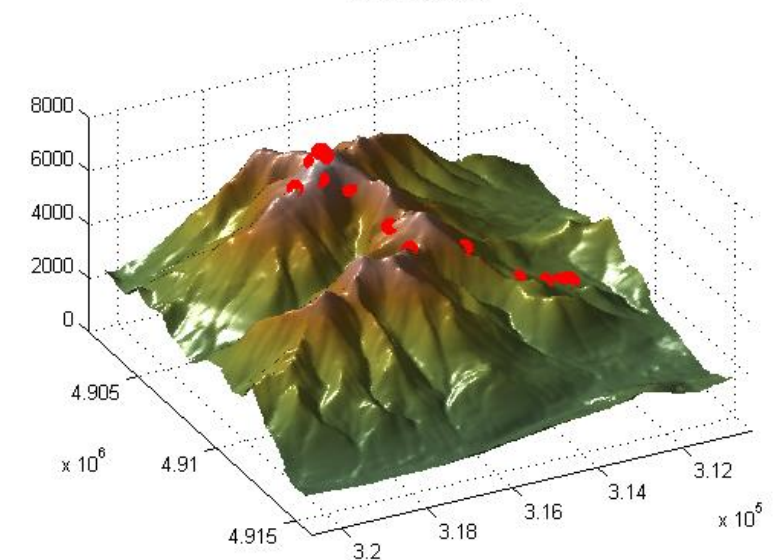
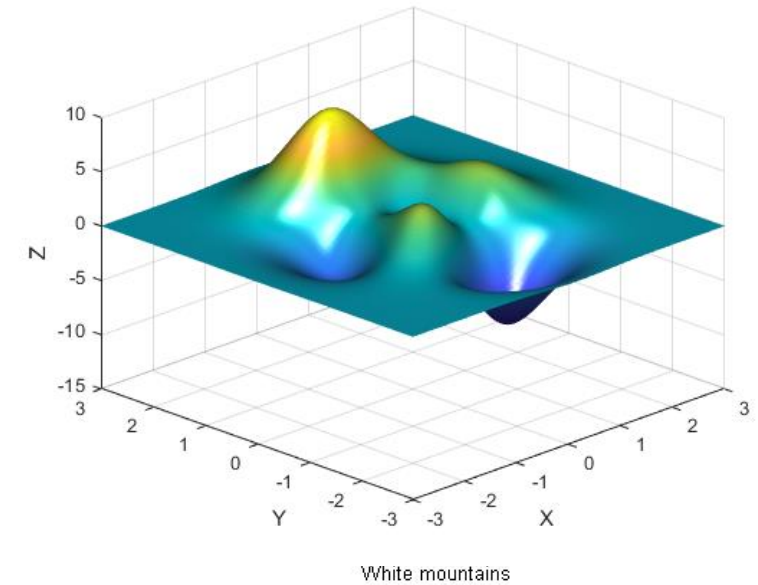


[video](#)

Objective with multiple minima

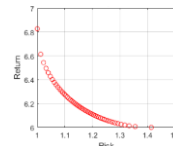
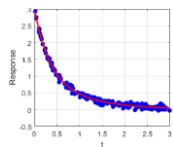
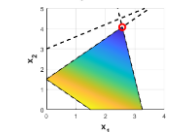
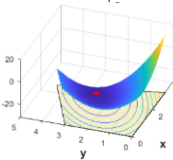
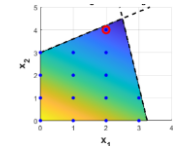
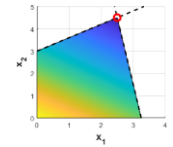
Optimization toolboxes support different problem types

	Optimization Toolbox	Global Optimization Toolbox
Faster	✓	
Large Problems	✓	
Better on: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nonsmooth • Noisy • Stochastic • Highly nonlinear 		✓
More “global”		✓
Custom data types		✓

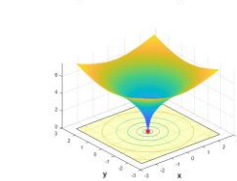
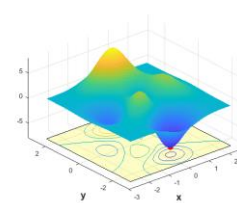
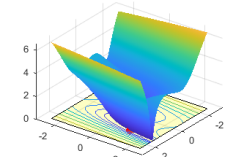


Solving: Problem Types and Algorithms

Optimization Toolbox Global Optimization Toolbox



- Linear programming
 - Simplex and interior-point
- Mixed-integer linear programming
 - Branch-and-cut
- Quadratic programming
 - Interior-point, active-set, trust-region
- Second-order cone programming
 - Interior-point
- Least-squares and nonlinear equations
 - Interior-point, trust-region, Levenberg-Marquardt
- Multiobjective optimization
 - Weighted and goal-attainment
 - Genetic algorithm
 - Pareto search



- Nonlinear optimization
 - Nelder-Mead simplex
 - Interior-point, SQP, trust-region
 - MultiStart & GlobalSearch
 - Pattern (direct) search
 - Genetic algorithm
 - Simulated annealing
 - Particle swarm
 - Surrogate optimization
- Mixed-integer nonlinear optimization
 - Genetic algorithm
 - Surrogate optimization

[Optimization Decision Table](#)

Solve many types of optimization problems with MATLAB

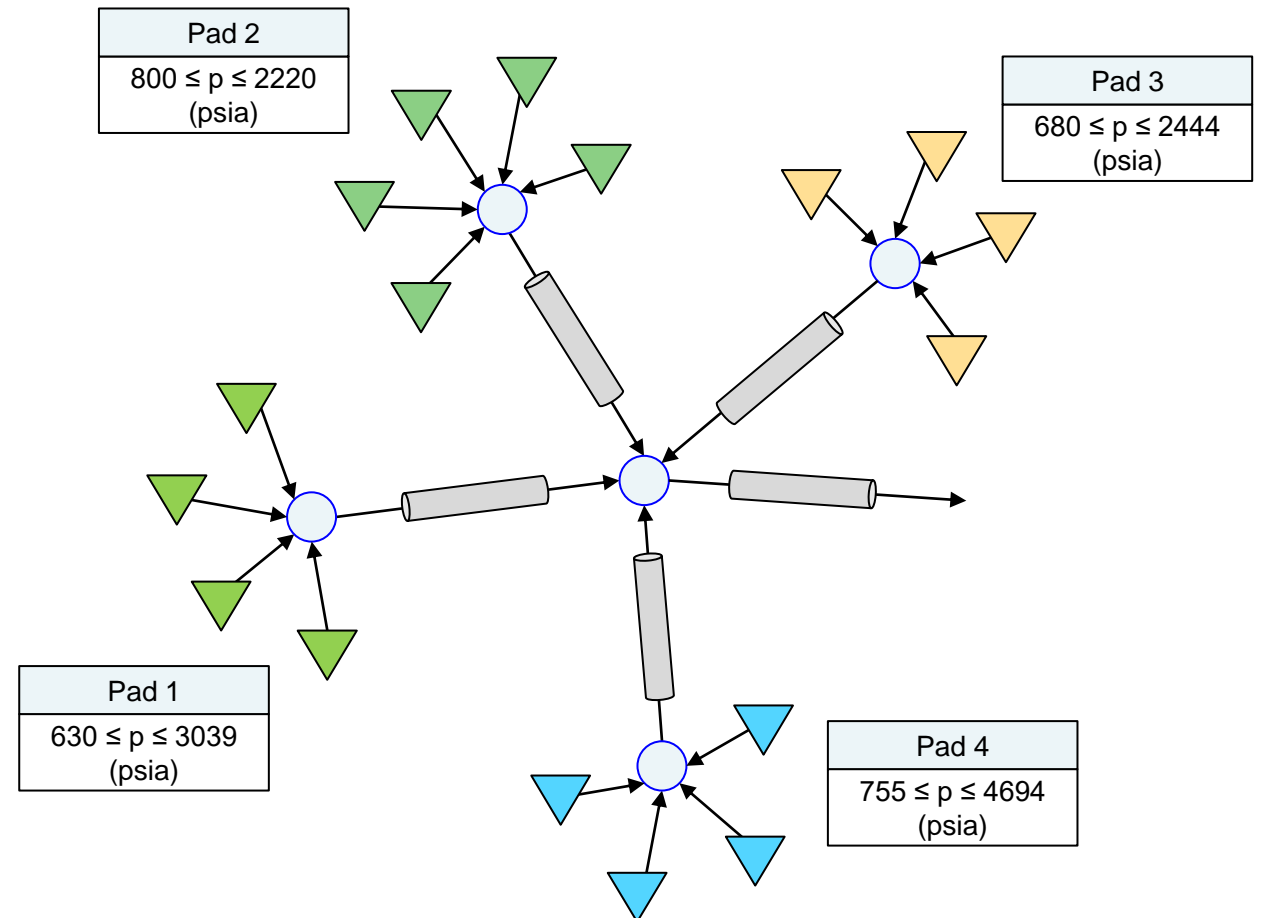
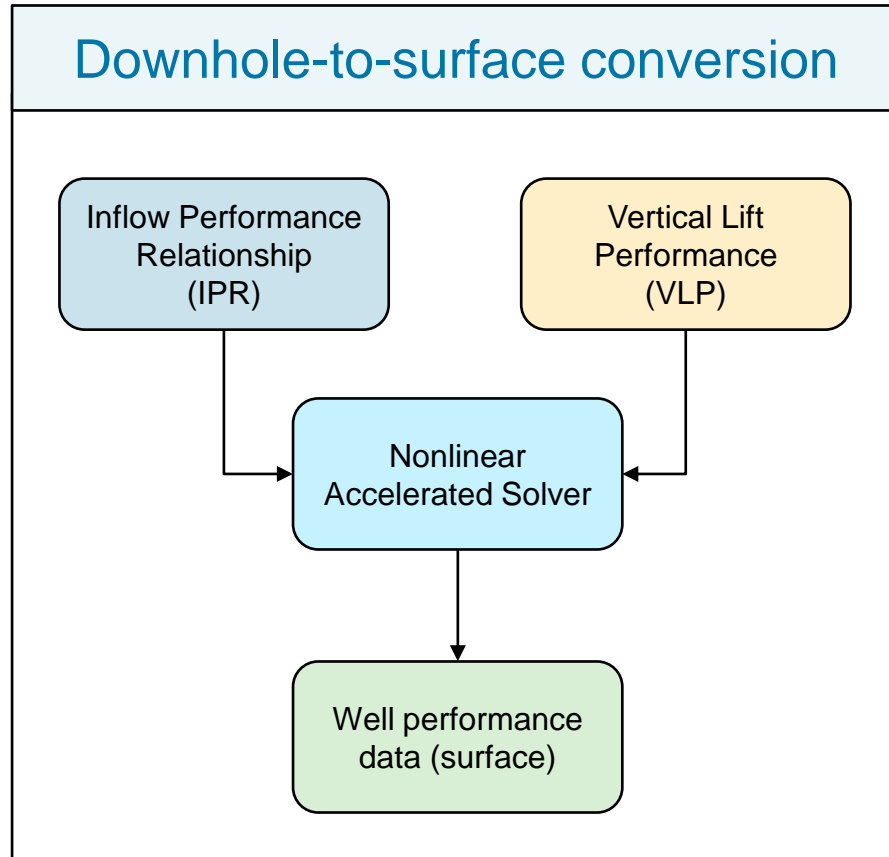
Optimization Toolbox
Global Optimization Toolbox

Constraint Type	Objective Type					
	Linear	Quadratic	Least Squares	Smooth nonlinear	Nonsmooth	Multiobjective
None		quadprog	lsqcurvefit lsqnonlin	fminsearch fminunc	fminsearch <i>ga</i>	fgoalattain fminimax <i>paretosearch</i> <i>gamultiobj</i>
Bound		quadprog	lsqcurvefit lsqnonlin lsqnonneg lsqlin	fmincon	fminbnd <i>ga</i> <i>surrogateopt</i> <i>patternsearch</i> <i>particleswarm</i> <i>simulannealbnd</i>	fgoalattain fminimax <i>paretosearch</i> <i>gamultiobj</i>
Linear	linprog	quadprog	lsqlin	fmincon	<i>ga</i> <i>patternsearch</i> <i>surrogateopt</i>	fgoalattain fminimax <i>paretosearch</i> <i>gamultiobj</i>
Second-Order Cone	coneprog	coneprog				
General smooth	fmincon	fmincon	fmincon	fmincon	<i>ga</i> <i>patternsearch</i> <i>surrogateopt</i>	fgoalattain fminimax <i>paretosearch</i> <i>gamultiobj</i>
General nonsmooth	<i>ga</i> <i>patternsearch</i>	<i>ga</i> <i>patternsearch</i>	<i>ga</i> <i>patternsearch</i>	<i>ga</i> <i>patternsearch</i>	<i>ga</i> <i>patternsearch</i> <i>surrogateopt</i>	<i>paretosearch</i> <i>gamultiobj</i>
Discrete	intlinprog				<i>ga</i> <i>surrogateopt</i>	

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- Key takeaways

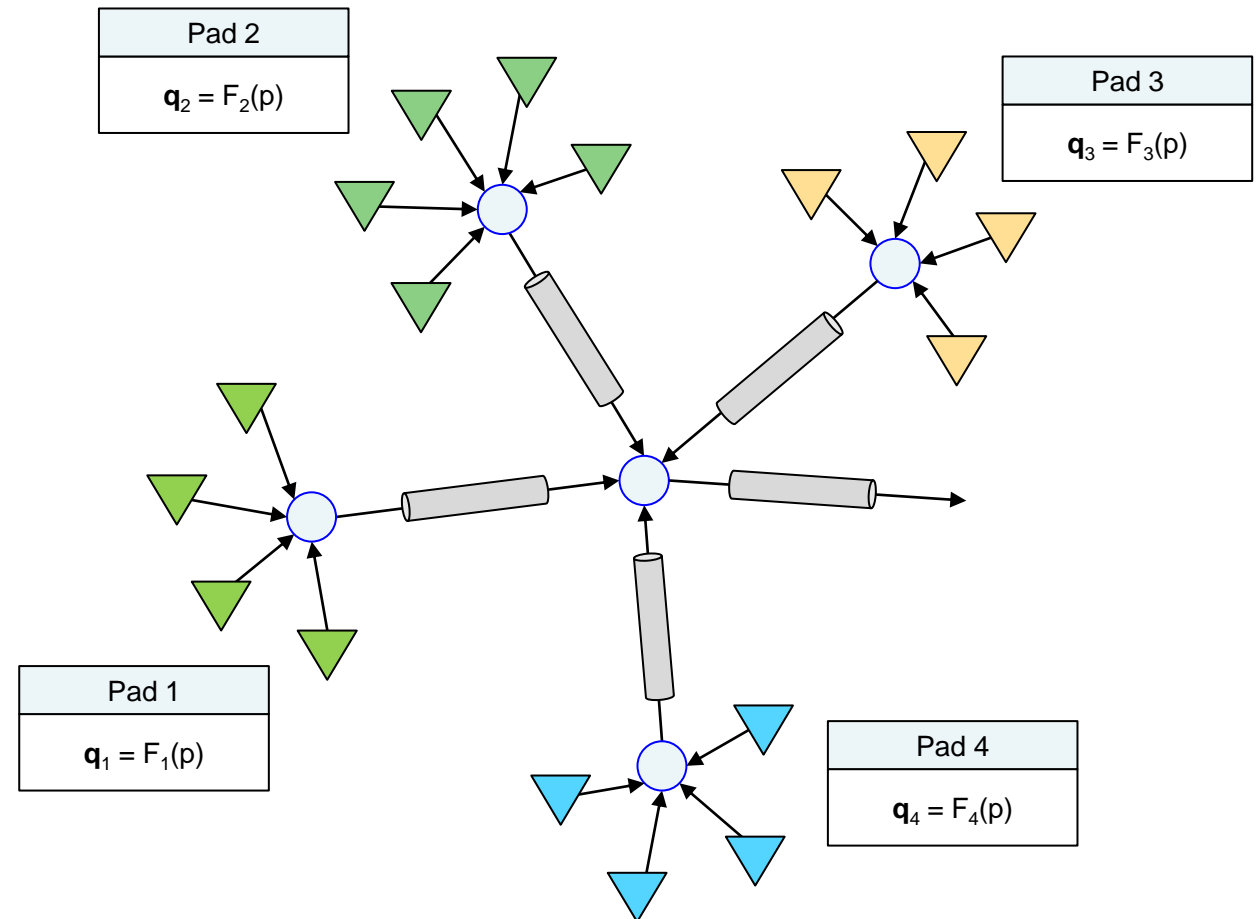
As a first step to solving the optimization problem, we use MATLAB to calculate valid pressure range for each multi-well pad.



Second, we want to define totalized production rate functions for each multi-well pad using well performance data.

Totalized production

```
function q = computeRates(pads, p)
    % ...
    % Loop through all wells and
    % accumulates flow rates
    % ...
end
```



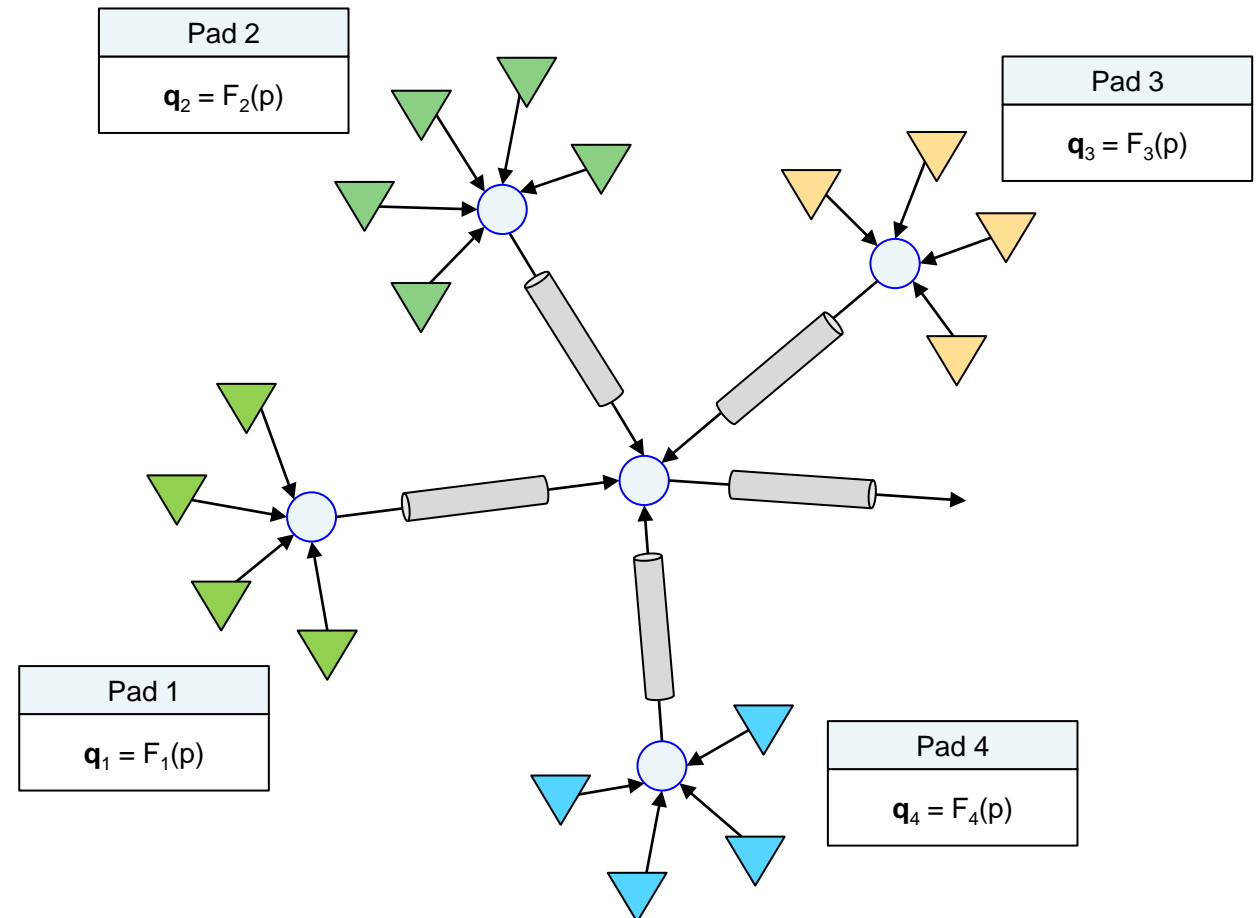
Third, we convert the totalized production function into an optimization expression and define constraints.

Optimization problem set up

```
p = optimvar('p', numPads)
```

```
[qo, qg, qw] = fcn2optimexpr(@(p)  
    computeRates(pads, p))
```

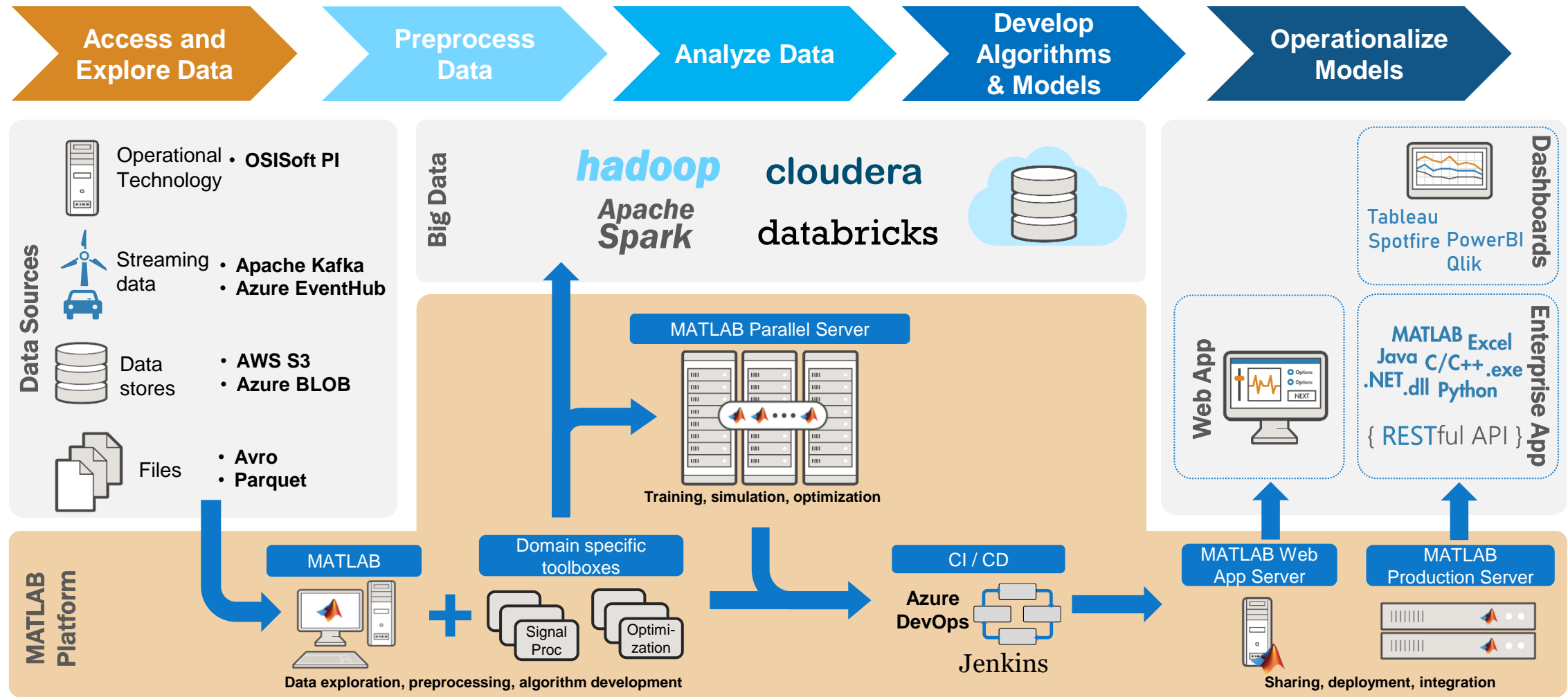
```
prob = optimproblem()
```



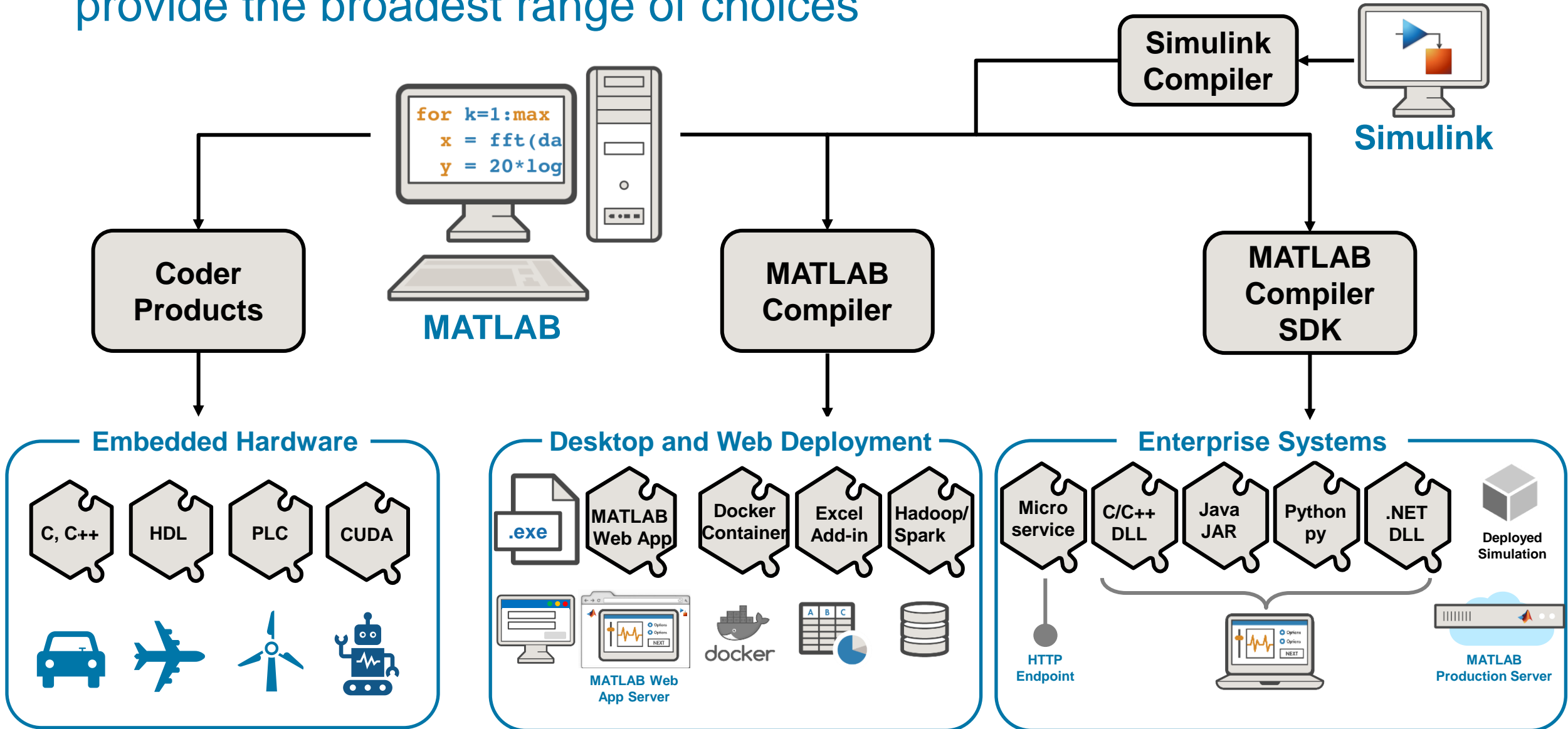
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MathWorks provides a comprehensive end-to-end solution for <AI/Data Science/Tech Computing>



When it comes to operationalizing your <analytics/models> we provide the broadest range of choices



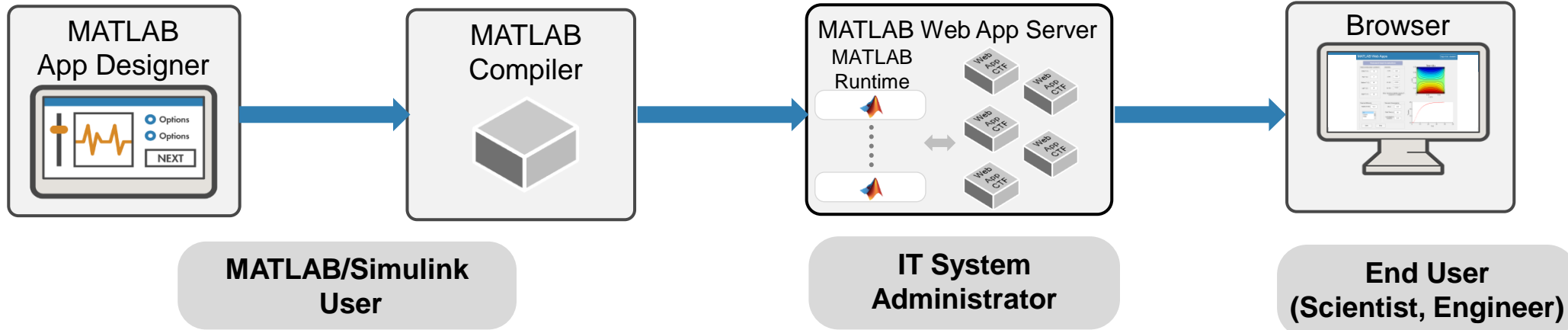
Use MATLAB Web App Server, if you want to easily share MATLAB Web Apps with your colleagues or collaborators

Develop the user interface and callback functions using MATLAB App Designer

Package MATLAB app, data and associated files as MATLAB Web Apps with one click

Deploy MATLAB Web Apps using the upload client directly from the browser

Access and run MATLAB Web Apps directly from a browser



Create MATLAB Web Apps for sharing

- Share your work as MATLAB Web Apps with other engineers and scientists
- Spend more time developing apps than managing distribution

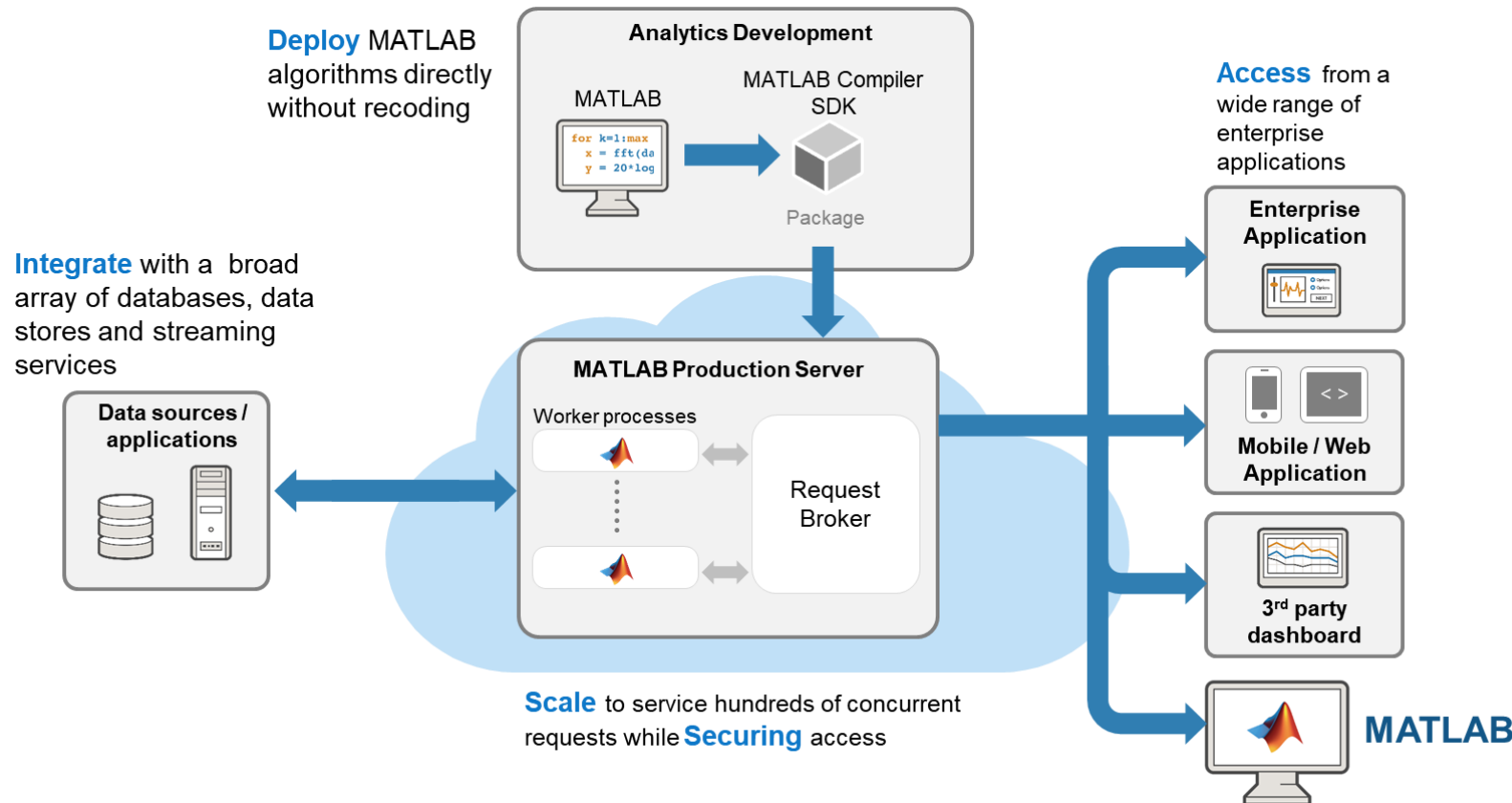
Manage the server infrastructure

- Secure and control access to MATLAB Web Apps
- Save time by eliminating the steps required for application distribution

Easy access to MATLAB Web Apps

- Save time by eliminating the steps to install the application on your desktop
- Access MATLAB Web Apps anywhere using a browser

Use MATLAB Production Server to operationalize your models or algorithms as APIs that are integrated with your enterprise IT/OT systems



Deploy AI / MLOps

- Deploy trained AI models for inference
- Models can be stored in a REDIS in-memory database for high-speed access

Process streaming analytics for IIoT

- Stream data from operational systems through streaming services such as Apache Kafka or Azure EventHub into MATLAB analytics for anomaly detection, condition based monitoring or predictive maintenance

Host Microservices APIs

- Share MATLAB algorithms and functions as microservice APIs in your corporate service fabric

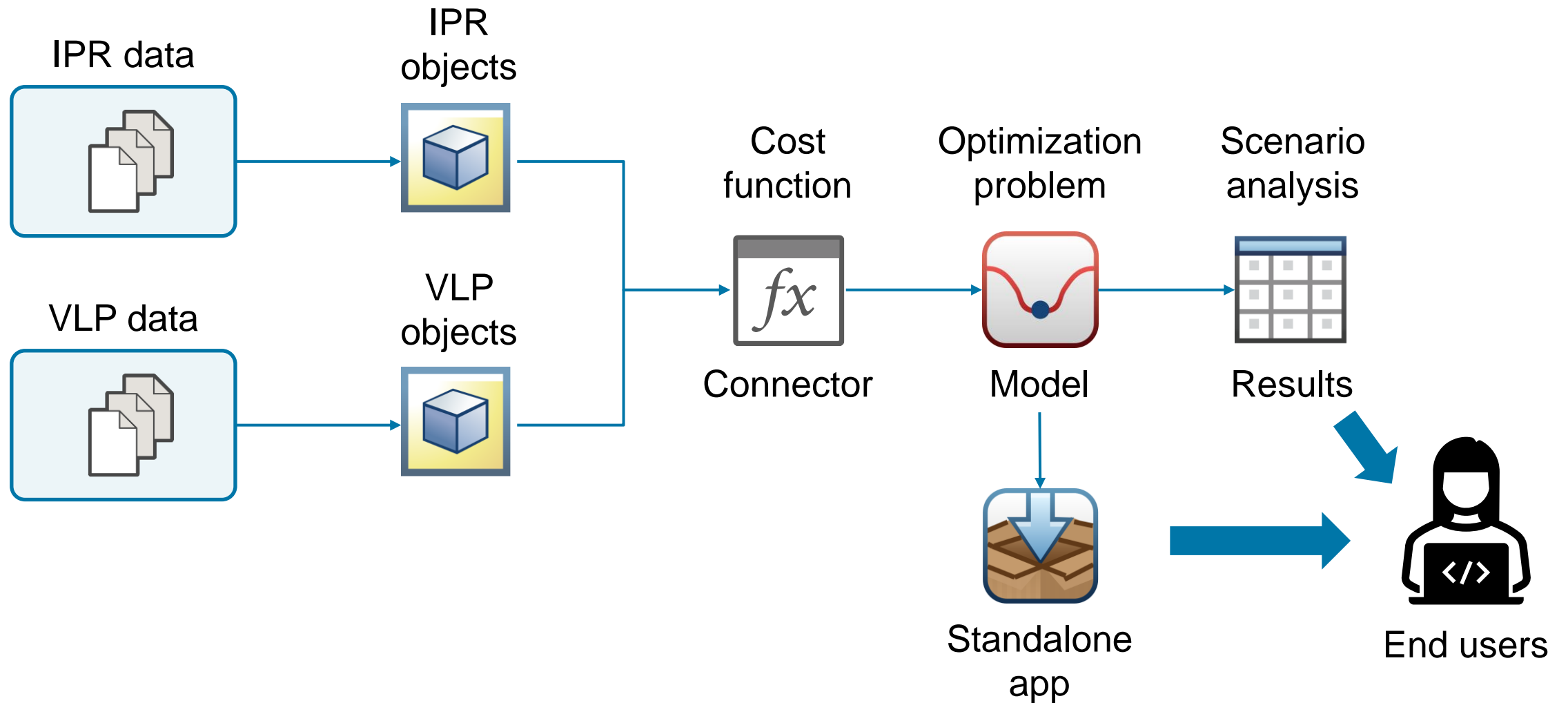
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Key Takeaways

- MATLAB helps streamline processing data from external sources
- Optimization Toolbox can tackle very difficult problems with only a few steps
- Users can create and deploy custom optimization workflows as standalone applications (.exe), libraries (Python, Java, .NET, etc.), and microservices.
- MathWorks Training is highly recommended for efficient use of our tools.

MATLAB can tackle very complex optimization problems and create robust, deployable workflows



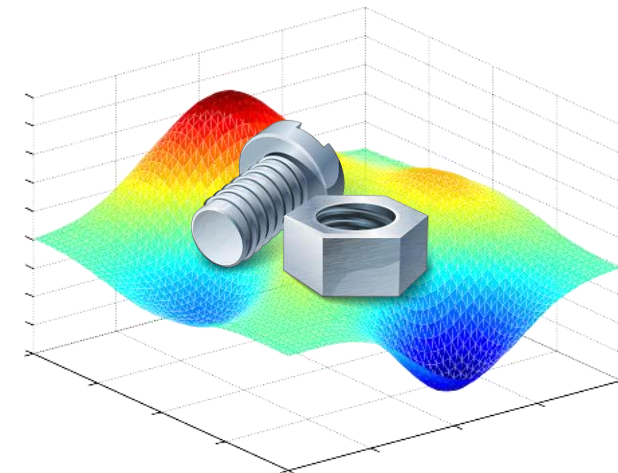
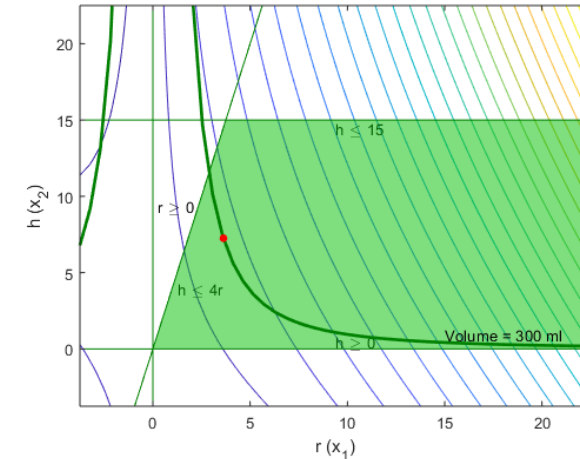
Optimization Techniques in MATLAB

Recommended Training

After this 1-day course you will be able to:

- Run optimization problems in MATLAB
- Specify objective functions and constraints
- Choose solvers and algorithms
- Evaluate results and improving performance
- Use global and multiobjective optimization methods

[See detailed course outline](#)

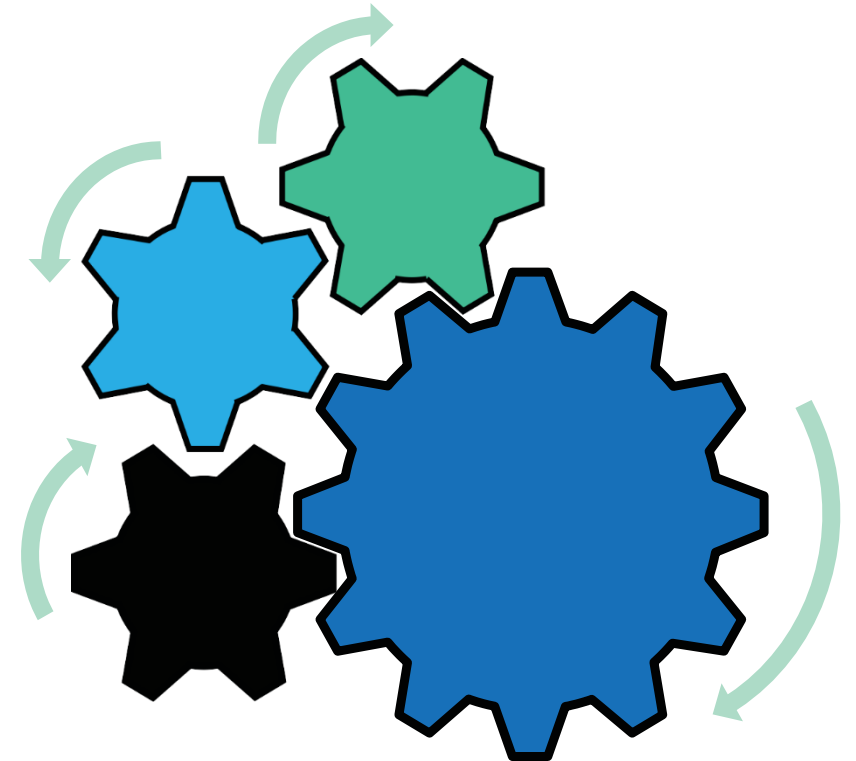


MATLAB Programming Techniques

Recommended Training

After this 2-day course you will be able to:

- Manage data efficiently
- Utilize development tools
- Structure code
- Create robust applications
- Verify application behavior



[See detailed course outline](#)